

NEOVEIL

Neoveil Sheet

Mechanism and Composition

Confidential information

GUNZE
Comfort Solutions for Life

Manufacturing of Neoveil

Gunze Medical, Kyoto, Japan

- Products manufactured in the Ayabe Factory in Kyoto
- Specialized in bioabsorbable implants

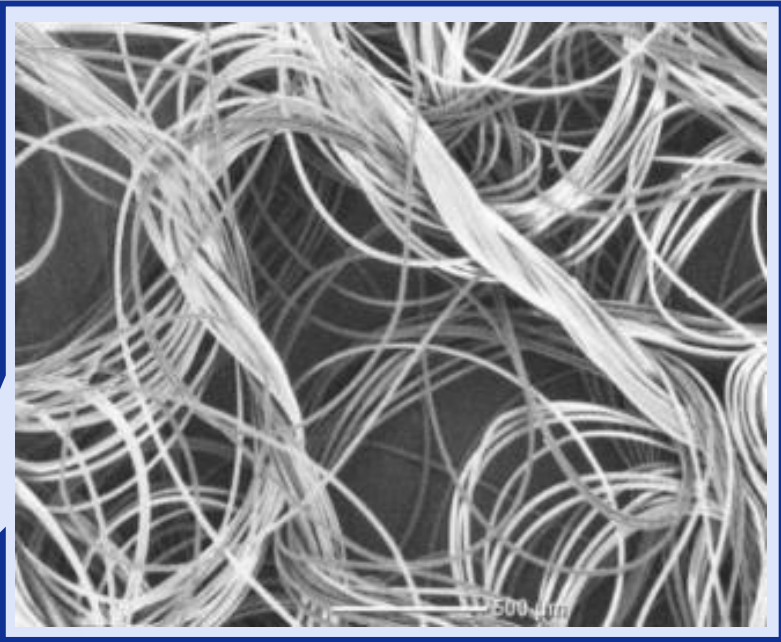


Ayabe, Kyoto Prefecture



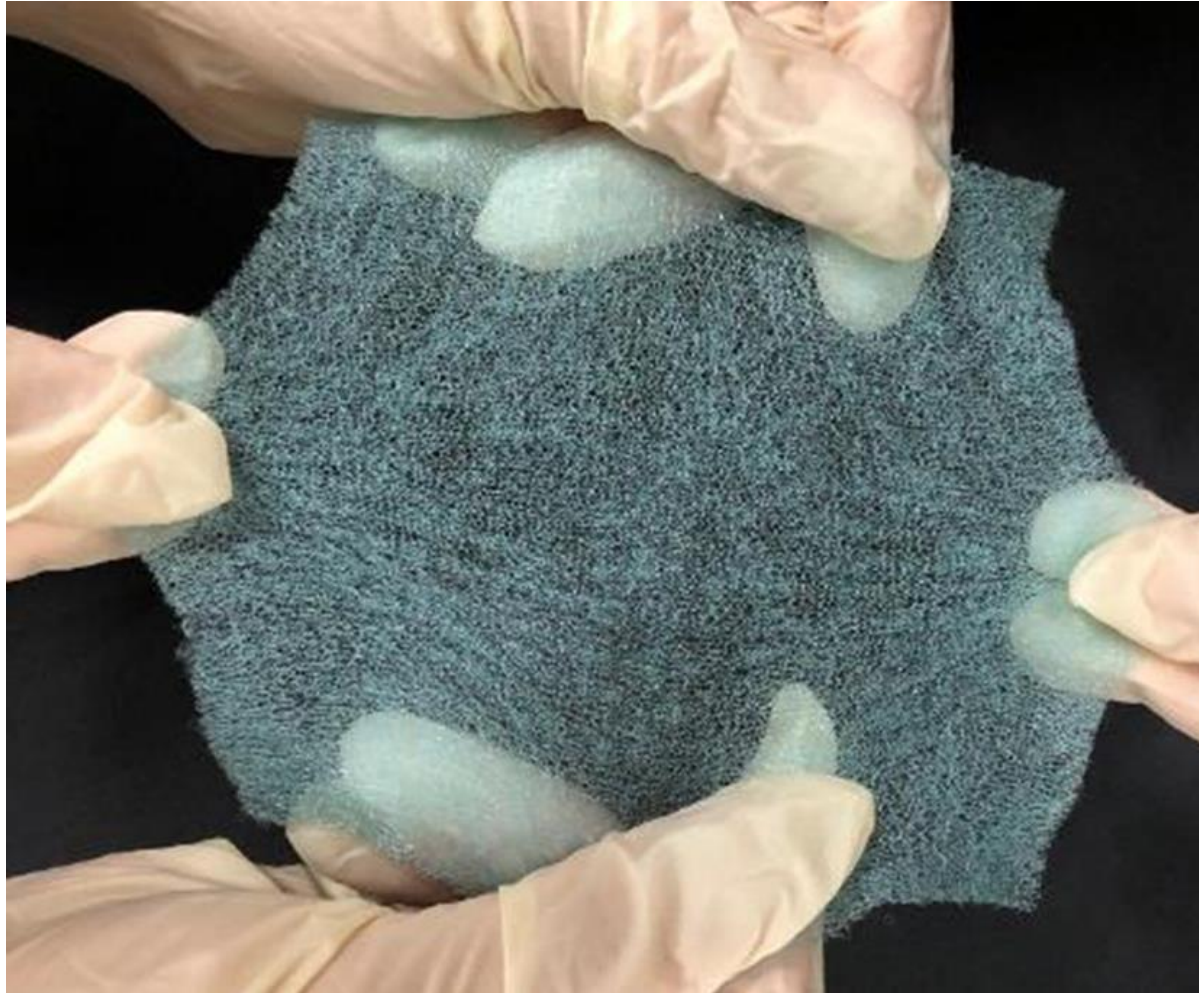
Composition with 100% PGA

- Fibers made from 100% polyglycolic acid
- Very small amount of Solvent Green for coloring



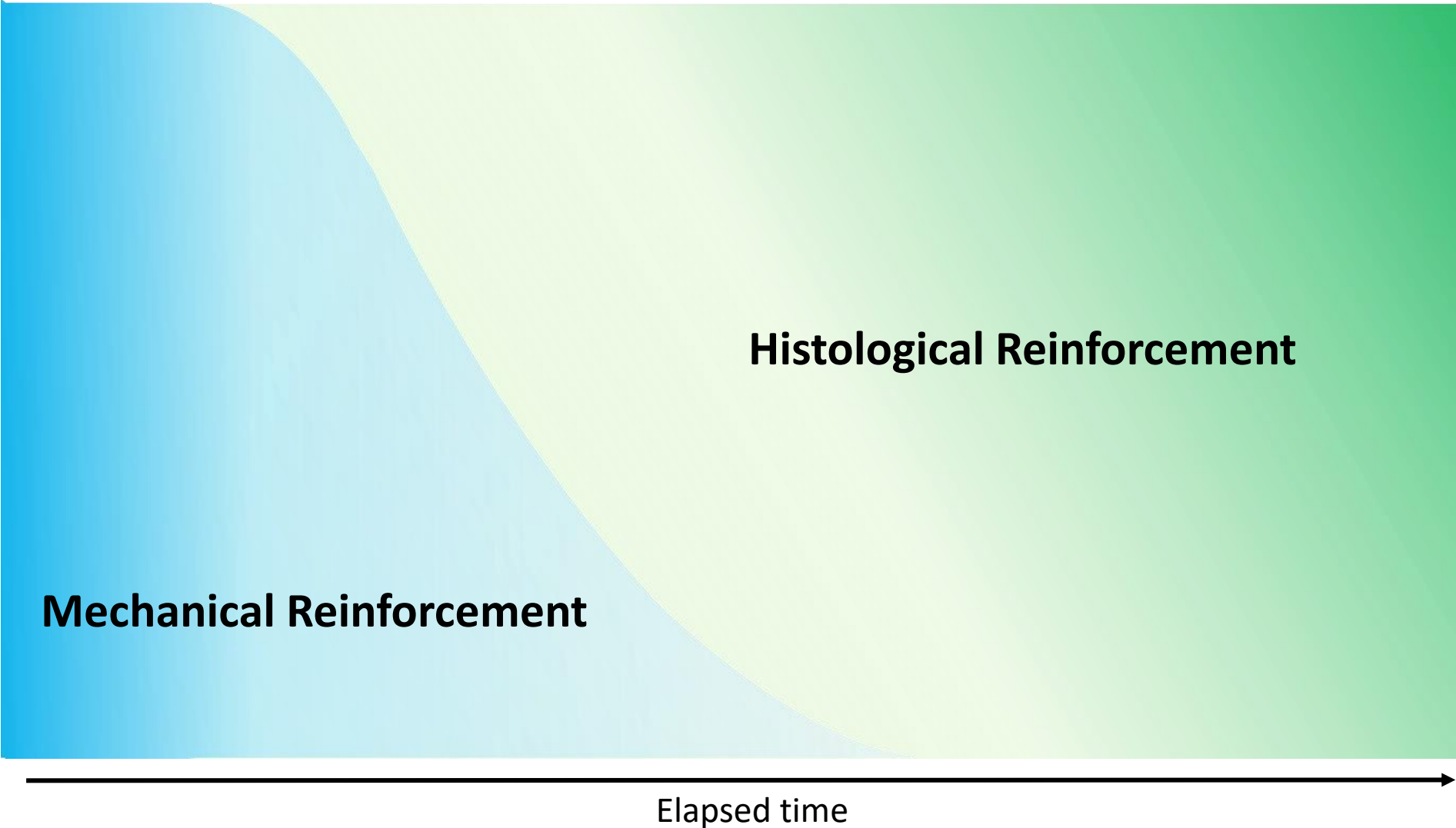
Diameter of fibers: 15 μ m
Distance btw fibers: 56 μ m
Distance btw fiber bundles: 800 μ m
*Fibroblasts: 10~20 μ m

Stretchability to follow tissue movement

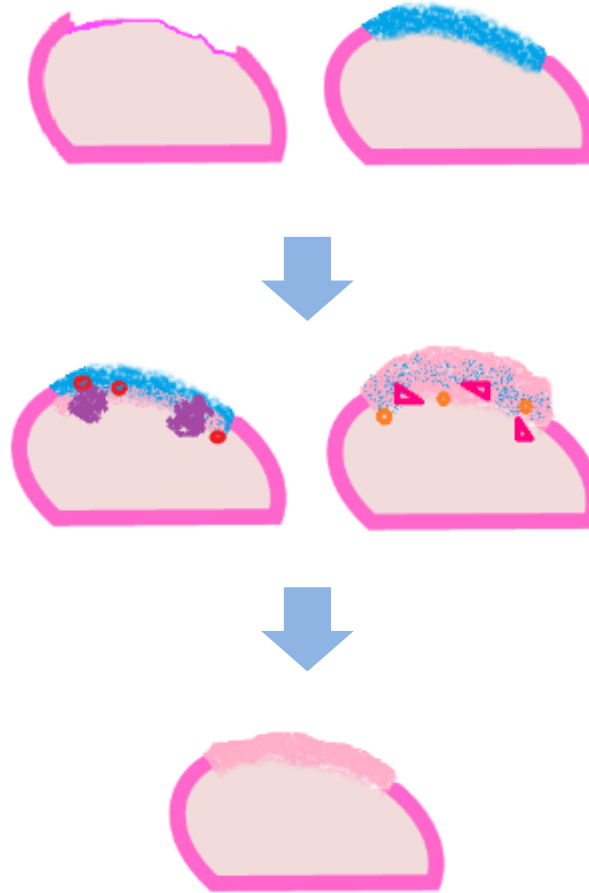
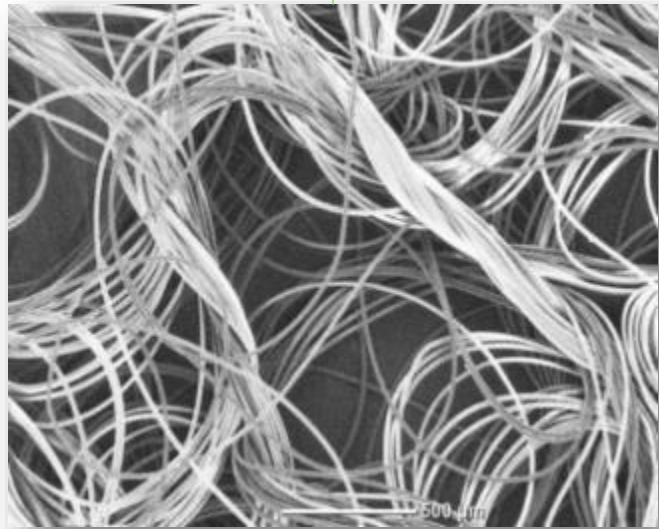
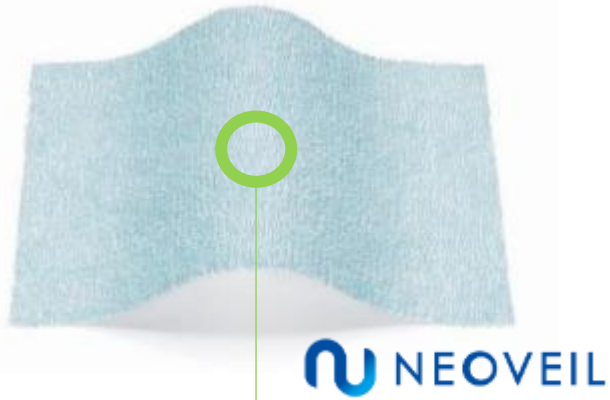


- manufactured using GUNZE's proprietary fiber processing technology
- unique fiber structure provides superior functionality
 - elasticity that responds to the movement of organs
 - affixing sensation that conforms flexibly to the tissues
 - unique features as a scaffold material for tissue regeneration at the defect site

Two mechanisms of Neoveil



Principles of Tissue Reinforcement

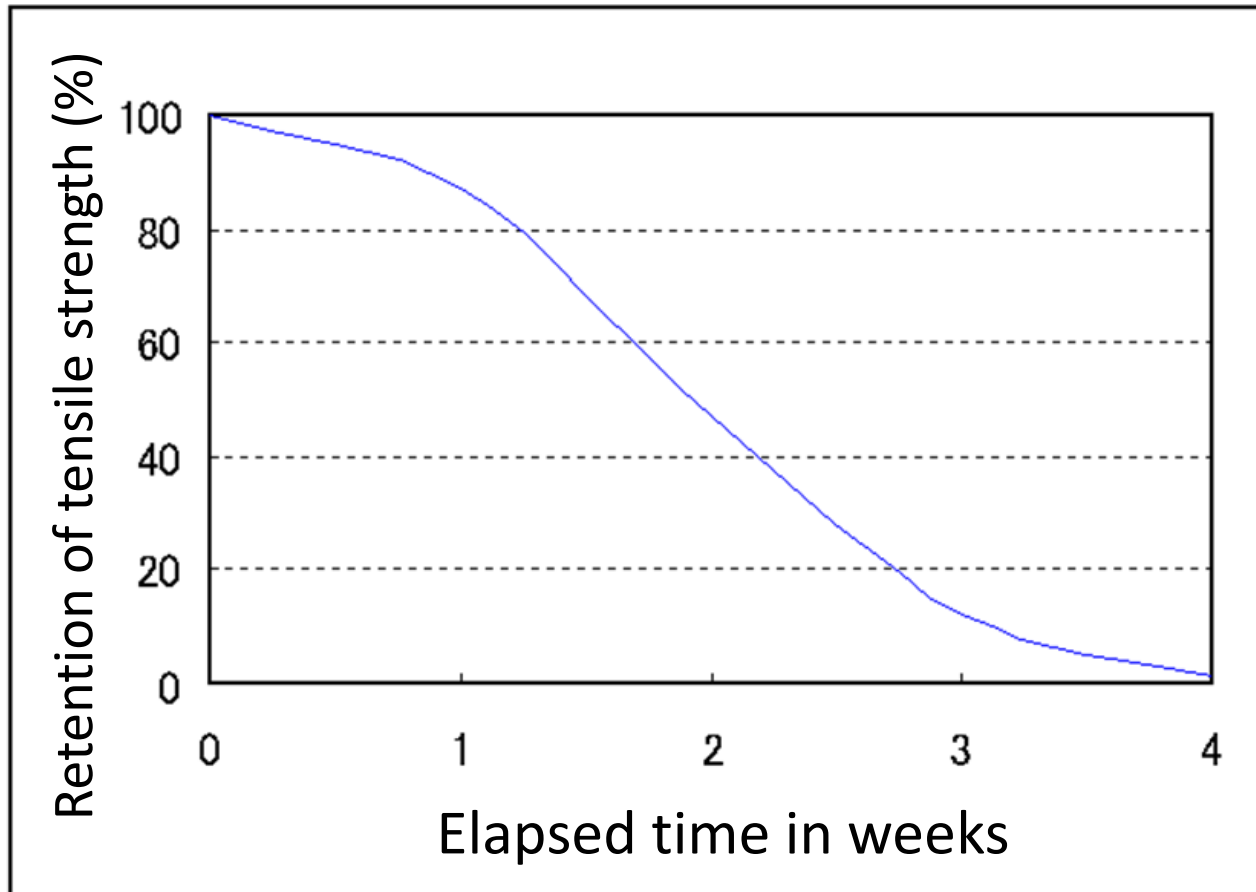


1. Fixation of product

2. Inflammatory cells infiltrate between the fibers of the product as a biological reaction, and granulation tissue forms using the fibers as a scaffold

3. As the product degrades, it is replaced by autologous tissue, tissue is reinforced by thickening

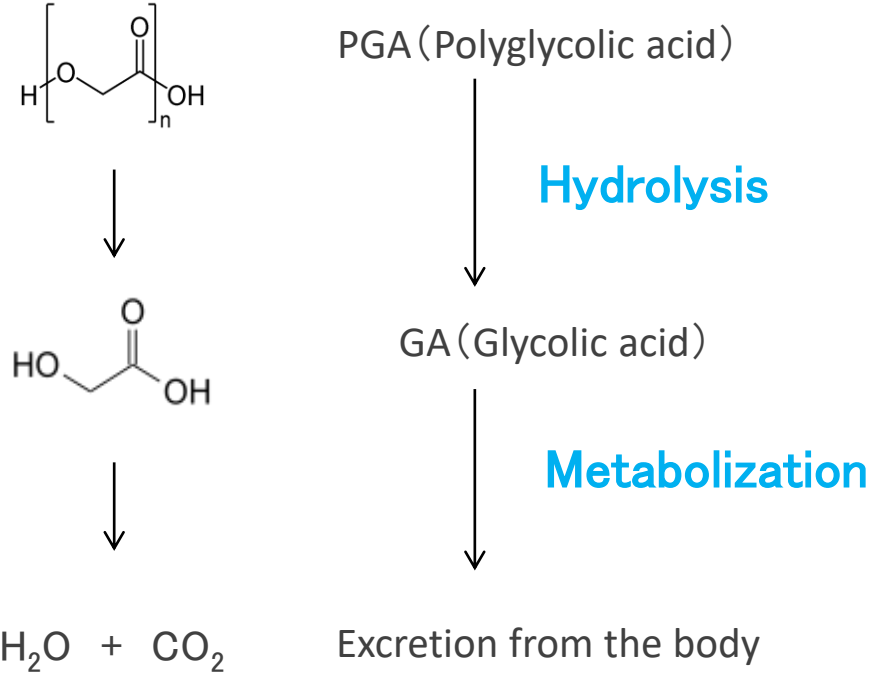
Retention of tensile strength



- Tensile strength decreases to around 50% after two weeks
- After four weeks: Tensile strength decreased to around 3%

Degradation and absorption process

Absorption mechanism of polyglycolic acid



Degradation mechanism of PGA in the body

Degradation processes of PGA in vivo

